DIOCESAN ATHLETIC INTERSCHOLASTIC PROGRAM REGISTRATION FORM

		CERTIFICATE					
I hereby certify that(ATHLETE) has been examined by me and found physically fit to engage in all Diocesan interscholastic athletics for the school year 2020-2021.							
found pl	nysically	fit to engage in all Diocesar	n interscholastic athletics fo				
		SIGNATURE		DATE		E	
		FORMATION					
NAME OF ATHLETEADDRESSGRADE					SEX: M	F	
					PHONE		
GRADE	E		AGE	DATE OF BIRTH _			
PARENT(S)/LEGAL GUARDIAN(S) ADDRESS		GAL GUARDIAN(S)					
			PHONE	CELL PHONE			
ANOTE	IER PER	RSON TO CONTACT					
	IONSHI				PHONE		
ALLER	GIES Al	ND OTHER MEDICAL CO					
		URANCE					
NAME	OF INSU	JRANCE COMPANY					
		BER		GROUP NUMBER			
		– RELIGIOUS EDUCATI	ON STUDENTS				
		n active member of			(NAME OF PARISH) Religious Education		
Program	n. He/she	will be participating all year	r in the Religious Education	Program.			
(Signatu	re of pas	stor or designee)		(Da	 te)		
(BISHALA	or pus	nor or designee)		(24	(0)		
CONC	JSSION	STATEMENT					
<u>Initials</u>							
Student	Parent						
		A concussion is a brain inju	ury which should be reporte	ed to my parents, my coaches o	r a medical profe	essional if one	
		is available.	1	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	1		
		A concussion cannot be "so or days after an injury.	een". Some symptoms mig	ht be present right away. Othe	r symptoms can	show up hours	
	NI/Δ	I will tell my parents, my coach and/or a medical professional about my injuries and illnesses.					
						d symptoms	
		concussion.	Titten permission from a ne	ann care provider to return to	pray or practice	anci a	
			s or weeks to get better A	more serious concussion can la	est for months or	longer	
Most concussions take days or weeks to get better. A more serious concussion can last for months or lo After a bump, blow, or jolt to the head or body, an athlete should receive immediate attention if there are							
	signs, such as loss of consciousness, repeated vomiting, or a headache that gets worse.				are any dange		
				lerstand that I am/my child is n		to have	
				rn to play or practice occurs be			
		go away.	c scrious orain injury ii fetu	in to play of practice occurs be	Tote the concuss	sion symptoms	
			one can cause serious and L	ong-lasting problems and even	death		
						eita at	
I have read the concussion symptoms on the "Concussion Information Sheet" found on the DAC website a www.nashvilledac.com						one at	
		w w w.mashivilleuac.cuill					

Athlete/Parent/Guardian Sudden Cardiac Arrest Symptoms and Warning Signs Information Sheet and Acknowledgement of Receipt and Review Form

What is sudden cardiac arrest?

Sudden cardiac arrest (SCA) is when the heart stops beating, suddenly and unexpectedly. When this happens, blood stops flowing to the brain and other vital organs. SCA doesn't just happen to adults; it takes the lives of students, too. However, the causes of sudden cardiac arrest in students and adults can be different. A youth athlete's SCA will likely result from an inherited condition, while an adult's SCA may be caused by either inherited or lifestyle issues. SCA is NOT a heart attack. A heart attack may cause SCA, but they are not the same. A heart attack is caused by a blockage that stops the flow of blood to the heart. SCA is a malfunction in the heart's electrical system, causing the heart to suddenly stop beating.

^{*}Health Care Provider means a Tennessee licensed medical doctor, osteopathic physician or a clinical neuropsychologist with concussion training.

How common is sudden cardiac arrest in the United States?

SCA is the #1 cause of death for adults in this country. There are about 300,000 cardiac arrests outside hospitals each year. About 2,000 patients under 25 die of SCA each year. It is the #1 cause of death for student athletes.

Are there warning signs?

Although SCA happens unexpectedly, some people may have signs or symptoms, such as:

- fainting or seizures during exercise;
- unexplained shortness of breath;
- dizziness:
- extreme fatigue;
- · chest pains; or
- racing heart.

These symptoms can be unclear in athletes, since people often confuse these warning signs with physical exhaustion. SCA can be prevented if the underlying causes can be diagnosed and treated.

What are the risks of practicing or playing after experiencing these symptoms?

There are risks associated with continuing to practice or play after experiencing these symptoms. When the heart stops, so does the blood that flows to the brain and other vital organs. Death or permanent brain damage can occur in just a few minutes. Most people who experience SCA die from it.

Public Chapter 325 - the Sudden Cardiac Arrest Prevention Act

The act is intended to keep youth athletes safe while practicing or playing. The requirements of the act are:

 All youth athletes and their parents or guardians must read and sign this form. It must be returned to the school before participation in any athletic activity. A new form must be signed and returned each school year.

Adapted from PA Department of Health: Sudden Cardiac Arrest Symptoms and Warning Signs Information Sheet and Acknowledgement of Receipt and Review Form. 7/2013

- The immediate removal of any youth athlete who passes out or faints while participating in an athletic activity, or who exhibits any of the following symptoms:
 - (i) Unexplained shortness of breath;
 - (ii) Chest pains;
 - (iii) Dizziness
 - (iv) Racing heart rate; or
 - (v) Extreme fatigue; and
- Establish as policy that a youth athlete who has been removed from play shall not return to the practice or competition during which the youth athlete experienced symptoms consistent with sudden cardiac arrest
- Before returning to practice or play in an athletic activity, the athlete must be evaluated by a Tennessee licensed medical doctor or an osteopathic physician. Clearance to full or graduated return to practice or play must be in writing.

I have reviewed and understand the symptoms and warning signs of SCA.

PARENT CONSENT STATEMENT By signing this form, I	(PARENT/GUARDIAN) certify that I		
request and give my permission for	(CHILD) to engage in the		
	ating schools, principals, coaches, Knights of Columbus, the Diocese of d waive claims against them. In addition, I have read and agree to the n above.		
(Signature of Student/Athlete	(Date)		
(Signature of parent or legal guardian)	(Date)		